

Mrs. Marita Tilger

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Hastings, Nebr.—"During expectancy when I was nauseated, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription proved most beneficial to me. I took only one bottle but found it to have splendid tonic value. Am very giad, indeed, to recommend it."—Mrs. Marita Tilger, 213 Lexington St.

Your health is most important to you. It's easily improved. Just ask your nearest drugglest for this Prescription of Dr. Pierce's in tablet or liquid form. Send 10c for trial pkg. to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., or write for free advice.

Bilious Attacks Are Usually Due to Constipation

When you are constipated, not enough of Nature's lubricating liquid is produced in the bowel to keep the food waste soft and moving. Dectors prescribe Nujel because it acts like this natural lubricant and thus replaces it.

Nujol is a lubricant—not a medicine or laxative—so cannot gripe. Try it today. A LUBRICANT-NOT A LAXATIVE

Let Cuticura Be Your Beauty Doctor p 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

Had the Laugh on Teacher.

Preliminary to taking the final examination we reviewed the work we had covered during the semester. The teacher called on me to differentiate between "debit" and "credit," and when I was almost through reciting. he said, "Are you reading that?" I said, "Yes, sir, I—" The teacher interposed with, "I thought so. That isn't what I wanted you to do." The class laughed, but I turned the joke on the teacher by completing my sentence with, "I am reading it from memory."-Chicago Journal.

> Discovered at Last. Professor (in high-powered

car)-We've got it at last. Second Professor-G-got w-what?

First Professor-Perpetual motion-I can't stop.-Boston Evening Tran-

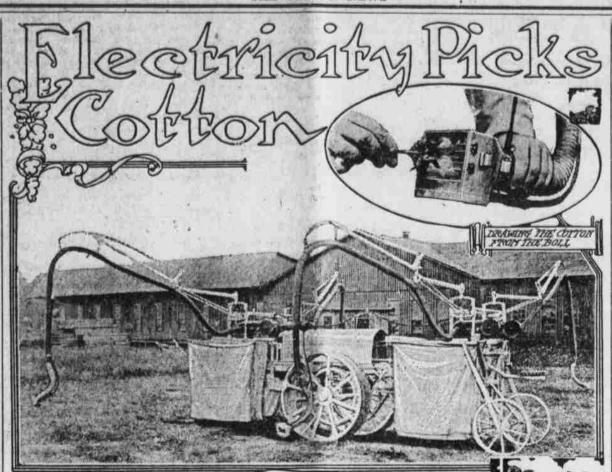
Healthy, Happy Babies

The best way to keep baby in crowing, contented health is Mrs. Winslow's Syrup. This safe, pleasant, effective remedy regulates the bowels and quickly overcomes diarrhoea, colic, fiatulency, constipation, and teething troubles.

MRS. WINSLOW'S







THE LLECTRIC COLYMIT PACKET

By ROBERT H. MOULTON

HE steam rallroad, the electric car and the motor truck have displaced the horse for long distance hauls. The little individual mill with its small water wheel drive has been succeeded by huge factories whose machloery is driven by electricity gener-

ated miles away and transmitted through cables. The harvester, the threshing machine, the mower and the tractor-drawn plow have supplanted, to a very great extent, human labor on the farm. Farming, as it is conducted today, could not be carried on without the aid of machinery.

Yet with all the advance that has been made in labor-saving machinery, one of the world's greatest and important crops-cotton-is still gathered by hand, just as it was 4,000 years ago.

Now, however, comes a cotton picking machine, operated by electricity, which may be destined to revolutionize the business of cotton growing. This machine, according to its promoters, has demonstrated that it will pick cotton four times as fast as it can be picked by hand; that the cotton so gathered contains much less dirt and trash than is the case with handpicked cotton, thus giving the cotton a higher grade, which commands a correspondingly better price; that it will reduce the amount of seed cotton needed for planting.

This machine, the invention of a Memphis (Tenn.) man, represents 14 years of study and experimentation on the part of the inventor.

It consists of a set of two revolving brushes operated by a flexible shaft and incased in a frame or head, a few inches in diameter; the frame having an opening large enough to admit a cotton boll. The frame or head is attached to a flexible tube two inches long, connecting it with the receptacie in which the cotton is deposited by the machine as it is picked. Part way down the tube is a small electric motor which drives the flexible shaft that revolves the brushes. At the opposite end of the tube from the brushes is a combined suction and blower apparatus, driven by another motor. The entire device is suspended on a flexible frame so evenly bulanced that a child could swing it in any direction necessary to bring the brushes into confact with the cotton bolls.

Four of these devices are assembled to make up a machine, and the four sets are mounted on a tractor which is driven by a gasoline engine. This engine not only drives the tractor through the field, but runs a generator which supplies electricity for opersting the motors. Thus the cotton picking machinery is operated at a speed which is constant and uniform, and quite independent of the movement of the tractor.

Five rows of cotton are covered at each trip, each of the four lines of tube being carried to the individual The brushes revolve toward each other, and when they are brought into contact with the cotton they guther it up with a comb-like movement. As the cotton is freed from the plant it is drawn into the tube by suction created by the motor already mentioned and carried along to the container on the tractor. On its way to the container the cotton is subjected posed the other day in the senate that

plantation near Little Rock, Ark., eradicate the pest. The only way this showed that men who had been picking 100 pounds of cotton a day by the hand method could pick 400 pounds a day by the use of the machine, and ment. this after only a few days' training.

This gain in speed means that the planter is able to gather the cotton as year. it ripens and before its value has been depreciated by the weather. It is said after went on to say: "it has become that but half the cotton crop of the South is now picked before it has been injured in this way.

It also means that the amount of labor for which the planter must now make provision in order to have a sufficient number of hands available to pick the cotton will no longer be necessary. He will not have to provide a means for keeping this labor employed at other times of the year in order to have it on hand during the cotton picking season.

Incidentally, this will pave the way for the more general adoption of the tractor and other farm machinery in the South, which has not hitherto been adopted to the extent that it would have been had there not been so many employees available for plowing, planting, and other farm work.

The importance of gathering the cotin diameter and about twenty feet ton as it ripens lies in the fact that feeding half our shirts to the boll picking cotton is not like harvesting weevil. Last year it destroyed 79 which ripens at one 'Ime. Cotton picking extends through two months Press dispatch from Washington or more, the cotton plant producing stated that the Department of Agrithree distinct crops. The price re-culture report for 1921 gives the dam-ceived by the grower for his cotton is age of the boil weevil at 6,277,000 determined by the grade and the length bales of cotton. This is an increase of its fiber or staple. The grade of of 30 per cent over 1920, and the end cotton is its quality in regard to color, is not yet. Reports coming in for this elegaliness and the amount of damage year tend to show a considerable indone in ginning.

holl opens, the color is creamy white. buies, and if the rate of destruction or white with a bright luster. This is the color necessary to make the high amount to a million bales a month. grade. When the ripe cotton is left unpicked in the field it steadily dethrough the storms of November and December, the cotton becomes stained ton-as we got ourselves. This year, yellow or blue from exposure and mildew. Stuined cotton grades much lower than that which is picked white, if we would have to share our cotton and sells for a much lower price because the fibers are weaker and the cloth made from it will not take dye evenly and appears "blotchy," secure the highest price cotton must cotton plants by the employee operat- be picked as fast as it ripens, and while it is white, and the electric cotton picker makes it possible for the States will be completely blotted out." grower to do this.

> South is genuinely scared over the boll weavil scourge.

ator Smith of South Carolina pro-Practical tests conducted on a an appropriation of \$1,000,000,000 to to change of environment,"

could be done, he said, was to stop planting cotton for a year, when the worm would die for want of nourish-The appropriation would be employed to pay the farmers for their losses in not planting cotton for the

"It is not a local matter," the sena national menace, and we have to meet it, not with experiments here or rotation of crops there, but with the only method indicated-the cessation of the planting of cotton for one

Whether so startling a measure will he adopted or not, it is certain, if general press comment is to be believed. that the country faces a much more serious situation than most people realize. Some remedy must be found soon, it it stated, if we are to continue as a cotton-producing nation,

The scourge, in the opinion of many newspapers, is being taken altogether too calmly by the country at large. When it dawns on the people that the price of cotton and all cotton goods is directly affected, they do not believe the country will take it so calmly. Apparently, we are already wheat or corn, or any other crop per cent of the cotton growing in the United States. An crease over 1921. Last month alone, When the cotton becomes ripe and the the damage is estimated at 830,000 keeps on going up, it may soon Since the production of cotton for 1921 was altogether some 7,954,000 creases in weight and the dews and bales, the boil weevil with its conrain dull its color. When left unpicked sumption of over 6,000,000 bales was even then getting almost as much cotviewing the reported increase of the scourge, it looks to many papers as crop almost half and half with the weevil. Expressed in money, this may easily run to a billion dollars.

'It is not impossible," says the New York Herald, "that unless an effective agent against the boll weevil is found, the production of cotton in the United

What sort of an animal is this "bil-In the meantime the cotton-growing American calls it? "The weevil," says a report of the United States Chamber of Commerce, "is about one-quar-So serious is the situation that Sen- ter of an inch in length and an eighth of an inch in width, or about the size of a common house-fly. Coming origto a blowing process which blows out it would be a good investment if the inally to us from a tropical climate, it dirt and refuse.

Many IIIs Due To Catarrh

The mucous membranes through-out the body are subject to catarrhal congestion resulting in many serious complications.

PE-RU-NA

Coughs, colds, nasal catarrh, stom-ach and bowel troubles among the most common diseases due to catarrh-

A very dependable remedy after protracted sickness, the grip or Span-ish Flu.

PE-RU-NA is a good medicine to have on hand for emergencies.

Tablets or Liquid Sald Everywherm

BETTER DEAD

Life is a burden when the body is racked with pain. Everything worries and the victim becomes despondent and downhearted. To bring back the sunshine take

GOLD MEDAL BARLEM ON

The National Remedy of Holland for over 200 years; it is an enemy of all pains re-sulting from kidney, liver and uric acid troubles. All druggists, three sizes.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

GREEN MOUNTAIN



quickly relieves the distress-ing paroxyams. Used for 55 years and result of long experience in treatment of throat and lung diseases by Dr. J. H. Guild. FREE TRIAL BOX. Treatise on Asthma, its causes, treatment, etc., sent upon request. 25c. and \$1,09 causes, treatment, etc., sent upon request. 25c. and \$1.00 at druggists. J. H. GUILD CO., RUPERT, VT.

Cause for Apprehension.

"You must have been right smartly ngitated tuther night when the White Caps came and drug your brother-inlaw out to whip him?" inquiringly said a neighbor,

"You bet your life, I was!" replied Gap Johnson of Rumpus Ridge. 'lowed for a spell it was somebody trying to steal my dogs."—Kansas City

Present Strength of Army. The total strength of the army with-

in the continental limits of the United States at the present time is 97,000, of whom some 72,000 are army nurses, field clerks, cadets or members of special services, such as the quartermuster corps, medical corps and finance department.

Children's handkerchiefs often look hopeless when they come to the laundry. Wash with good sonp, rinse in water blued with Red Cross Ball Blue, -Advertisement,

It is a good horse that never stumbles, and a good man that never

Don't be content with following good advice; catch up with it,

Get Back Your Health!

Are you dragging around day after day with a dull backache? Are you tired and lame mornings—subject to headaches, dizzy spells and sharp, stabbing pains? Then there's surely thing wrong. Probably it's kidney weakness! Don't wait for more serious kidney trouble. Get back your health and keep it. For quick relief get plenty of sleep and exercise and use Doan's Kidney Pills. They have helped thousands. Ask your neighbor!

A Missouri Case

J. R. Baker, farmer,
203 Lincoln Ave., Liberty, Mo., says: "A
sharp, plercing pain
caught me in the small
of my back and bothered me especially
when I bent. My back
became lame and sored
and everything seemed
to go round. My kidmeys acted irregularly
at times. A friend advised me to try Doan's
Kidney Pills. One box
of Doan's gave me great relief."



When

They

Eat

DOAN'S HIDNEY FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

RATS DIE



ELECTRIC PASTE

It also kills mice, gophers, prairie dogs, coyotes, waters, coderoaches, water burr and anta. A life box contains enough to kill 50 to 100 rats or mice. Get it from your drug or general store dealer today. READY FOR USE-BETTER THAN TRAPS